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Listed Company Name: Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd.

Code: 5713

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Sumitomo Metal Mining Formulates the 3-Year Business Plan 2027

Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd. (TSE: 5713) announces that it has formulated its 3-Year Business Plan 2027 (3-Year Plan 2027) covering FY2025 to FY2027 (April 2025 to March 2028). Under the 3-Year Plan 2027, Sumitomo Metal Mining will take initiatives to enhance its corporate value from a long-term perspective while overcoming current issues. In doing so, the company will aim to achieve its Long-Term Vision to become the world leader in the non-ferrous metals industry.

- 1. Main Initiatives Under the 3-Year Business Plan 2027
 - 1) Cope with Changes in the Business Environment
 Enhancement of productivity of the Quebrada Blanca Copper Mine and Cote Gold Mine; rebuilding
 the Battery Materials Business; strengthening the competitiveness of the Smelting & Refining
 Business; and business portfolio management (promotion of ROCE management)
 - 2) Prepare for Future Growth
 Promotion and expansion of Nickel, copper, and gold development projects; lithium-ion secondary
 battery recycling business; bonded SiC substrates; and near-infrared absorbing materials
 - 3) Utilize Assets, Technology, and Human Resources to Support Sustainable Growth Strengthening MONOZUKURI-RYOKU by utilizing superior mining assets, leading technologies, digital transformation (DX) foundation, and human resources that support growth strategies
 - 4) Maintain and Strengthen the Management Base Sustainability initiatives, such as efforts to help build a circular economy and a carbon-neutral society; promoting management with an awareness of capital costs and stock prices; reviewing its corporate governance system; etc.
- 2. Main Quantitative Targets and Measures for Shareholder Returns in 3-Year Plan 2027
 - 1) Main Quantitative Targets

Profit before tax (FY2027): 140 billion yen (an increase of 108.6 billion yen compared to FY2024) Capital expenditures, investment and financing (three-year cumulative total): 437 billion yen

2) Measures for Shareholder Returns

Dividends from surplus: Among existing policies, raise the minimum indicator of DOE to 2.5%* Acquisition of own shares: Consider flexible acquisition of own shares

For more details, please refer to the presentation materials available on the below webpage. https://www.smm.co.jp/en/ir/management/plan/

* DOE (dividend on equity ratio) = Annual total dividends / Shareholders' equity

As the announcement of "Notice regarding Changes to the Policy for Dividends" on May 9, 2025, the Company's dividend policy of "dividends from surplus shall be paid out with a consolidated payout ratio to be 35% or more and a minimum indicator to be DOE of 1.5% in principle," has been changed to "dividends from surplus shall be paid out with a consolidated payout ratio to be 35% or more and a minimum indicator to be DOE of 2.5% in principle" from FY2025. In addition, the formula for calculating DOE has been changed from "Annual total dividends / consolidated net assets attributable to owners of the parent at the end of the previous fiscal year - other components of equity at the end of the previous fiscal year)."